For knowledge workers in Chemicals and Plastics, using content is essential for collaboration and is a driving force in the R&D process. Given the imperative to drive new products through the pipeline to industrial and consumer markets as quickly as possible, the behaviors and attitudes of professionals in Chemicals and Plastics around content use and sharing have shied over time as they seek to establish a competitive edge in an ever-changing landscape. For many, the transition to hybrid and remote work has created new dynamics for information sharing including how employees engage and collaborate with published content. The Information Seeking and Consumption Study focused on insights into how people think and behave in the context of copyrighted content consumption, use, and sharing, both within and outside the walls of their organizations, and the impact of remote working. Here’s what we learned:

Importance of Content
Knowledge workers in Chemicals and Plastics consider 6 different print or digital publications critical to their job function.

Types of externally published content used at work

- **53.6%** News
- **50%** Market research
- **46.4%** Research papers
- **42.9%** Standards
- **39.3%** Scholarly journals
- **39.3%** Trade or business publications
- **35.7%** Books
- **32.1%** Email newsletters
- **25%** Conference proceedings
- **25%** Blogs

The Velocity of Content is Shifting
The number of people with whom information is shared across professional Chemicals and Plastics environments has remained steady since 2020, with respondents sharing work-related content **5.5 times per week with 9 other people**. Considering that **45% of content is sourced from external providers** such as scientific journals, news sources, and other publications, there is potential for more than **23 instances of unlicensed sharing per employee per week** if proper permissions are not in place.
Copyright Awareness and Attitudes

Companies are sharing copyright policy more frequently, but employees are still sharing published content. 62% of employees claim to be aware of their company’s copyright policy. However, according to Outsell’s newest research, employee attitudes and behaviors don’t always align with policy awareness.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method of Content Sharing</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Email attachment</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collaboration tools</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link in an email</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shared networks</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intranet postings</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On average, 46% of respondents in Chemicals and Plastics reported a hybrid work environment.

Why It Matters?

While the sharing of information with co-workers supports collaboration and drives innovation, the sharing of published information without obtaining the necessary subscriptions, licenses or permissions also carries enormous potential risk. Ordinary content exchanges that come so naturally in the digital world can increase the risk of copyright infringement, trigger costly lawsuits or settlements, and result in damage to brand reputation.

By taking steps to balance employee reuse of published content with a strong compliance and licensing program, your company can leverage today’s rise in content sharing to help support collaboration and drive innovation.

Access our complete cross-industry report for other global key findings and more information on who we surveyed at copyright.com/outsell.

Learn more

For more information on how to promote collaboration, simplify copyright compliance, and streamline your content workflow, contact us at:

Organizations in the U.S.:
- copyright.com/acl
- solutions@copyright.com

Organizations outside the U.S.:
- rightsdirect.com/mcl
- solutions@rightsdirect.com

Source: 2023 Information Seeking and Consumption Study, Outsell, Inc. www.outsellinc.com